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I. INTRODUCTION

"Youth is a phase of growth and gradual transition from childhood to adulthood, indicated by a particular nature for certain areas of learning, comprising stages of maturation that cannot take place earlier in childhood, nor later in adulthood (*Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Denmark, 2018*). Youth is a period described as a time of experimenting with roles and identities, yet gradually guiding and preparing young individuals towards their roles in their lives. In the process they find themselves in a complex social system, shaped by elements of tradition, history, social expectations, collective hopes and individual future prospects, all of which they have to incorporate into a consistent picture in order to lay a proper foundation for their personal life (*Hesse, 2015*).

According to the UN, for statistical consistency across regions, defines youth, as those between the ages of 15 and 24 years without prejudice to other definitions by Member States (*UNDESA, 2013*). In the UN guidelines, the definition of youth perhaps changes with circumstances, especially with the changes in demographic, financial, economic, and socio-cultural settings; however, the definition that uses 15-24 age group effectively as youth fairly serves its statistical purposes in evaluating and assessing the needs of the young people and providing a guideline for youth development".

As per the reports available in the present time, "there are 1.2 billion young people aged 15 to 24 years, accounting for 16 percent of the global population and India has a significant demographic advantage, with over 50% of its population under the age of 25 years (*World Youth report 2020*). According to the *Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (2020)*, between the years 1991 to 2021, there has been an increased growth in the percent shares of youth aged 15-29 years in the total population of India. India's population, which reached 1211 million in 2011 and reached 1363 million in 2021 as projected, has made "India one of the youngest countries in the world, with 27.3 percent of its population aged 15-29 years (*Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, 2020*). Globally, the target data for the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) that make up the 2030 agenda, the youth population is projected to increase by 7 percent, reaching nearly 1.3 billion. (*United Nations, 2007*".

The three pivotal constructs subsumed within the term youth have specific operational definitions in contemporary research. Teen between the age of (13-19 years), adolescents between the age of (10-19 years) and younger youth between the age of (15-29 years) and older

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by Central Library Avinashilingam

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Amy K. Marks, G. Alice Woolverton, Cynthia García Coll. "Risk and Resilience in Minority Youth Populations", Annual Review of Clinical Psychology, 2020

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