



Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women
(Deemed to be University under Category 'A' by MHRD, Estd. u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956)
Re-accredited with A++ Grade by NAAC. Recognised by UGC under Section 12B
Coimbatore - 641 043, Tamil Nadu, India
Continuous Internal Assessment - I August, 2025
Semester V

Class: III UG
Major: Zoology

Time: 2 Hours
Marks: 60

23BZOC09 - MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Course Outcomes:

- CO1 Understand structure of nucleic acids and basic concepts of protein synthesis
- CO2 Describe the molecular mechanisms behind DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes
- CO3 Comprehend RNA synthesis and processing, and protein synthesis.
- CO4 Get new avenues of joining research in related areas such as therapeutic strategies or related opportunities in industry.
- CO5 Understand and apply general concepts of cell and molecular biology to relevant, specific problems.

Part – A **6×1=6**
Answer the following

- | | |
|---|-------|
| 1 Successive major groove in DNA double helix are | CO1K1 |
| a) 3.4 Å ⁰ b) 2.3 Å ⁰ c) 4.5 Å ⁰ d) 2.9 Å ⁰ 2. | |
| 2 Where does translation occur in a eukaryotic cell? | CO1K1 |
| a) Endoplasmic reticulum b) Cytoplasm c) Nucleus d) Mitochondria | |
| 3 What are nucleosomes | CO2K2 |
| a) RNA molecule b) Subatomic particles | |
| c) Units of DNA packaging in the cell d) Components of cell membrane | |
| 4 Who introduced the term 'nucleic acid'? | CO2K2 |
| a) Meischer b) Richard Altmann c) Robert brown d) Feulegen and Rossen | |
| 5 What is the primary function of messenger RNA (mRNA)? | CO3K1 |
| a) Transferring electrons b) Carrying amino acids c) Catalyzing chemical reaction | |
| d) Carrying genetic information from DNA to ribosomes | |
| 6 Which type of RNA is involved in the splicing of pre-mRNA during gene expression? | CO3K1 |
| a) mRNA b) rRNA c) snRNA d) tRNA | |

Part – B **3×6=18**
Answer should not exceed 400 words

- | | |
|--|-------|
| 7. a Describe the role of DNA-Protein interaction | CO1K2 |
| (or) | |
| b. Explain the DNA polymorphisms | CO1K1 |
| 8. a. Comment on Histone-modifications | CO2K3 |
| (or) | |
| b. Write about the DNA replication and cell cycle regulation | CO2K4 |
| 9. a. Explain the chromatin remodeling | CO3K2 |
| (or) | |
| b. Elaborate the 5'-capping and 3'-polyadenylation of mRNA | CO3K2 |

Part - C **3×12=36**
Answer should not exceed 800 words

- | | |
|---|-------|
| 10. a Diagrammatic representation of Central Dogma of Molecular Biology? | CO1K2 |
| (or) | |
| b. Describe about the types of DNA forms | CO1K4 |
| 11. a. Elaborate the role of Chromosomes and Chromatin in molecular Biology | CO2K3 |
| (or) | |
| b. Explain the centromeric and telomeric DNA replication | CO2K2 |
| 12. a What is transcription? Give an example and explain transcription | CO3K2 |
| (or) | |
| b. Explain on the splicing of RNA, Comment hnRNA converted into mRNA? | CO3K2 |