



Maximise

Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women

(Deemed to be University under Category 'A' by MHRD, Estd. u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956)

Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC. Recognised by UGC Under Section 12B

Coimbatore - 641 043, Tamil Nadu, India

Bachelor's Degree Examination – June / July 2021

II Semester

Class : I UG
Major : Chemistry

Time : 3 Hours
Max. Marks : 100

18BCHC04 Basic Concepts of Chemistry-I

Part A

10 x 1 = 10

Choose the Correct Answer

- The well behaved function ψ is
a. single valued
b. continuous
c. finite
d. all of the above
CO3 K2
- de Broglie wave equation is
a. $E = hu$
b. $E = mc^2$
c. $\lambda = h/p$
d. none of the above
CO3 K1
- Direct nitration of phenol with conc. HNO_3 gives poor yield of picric acid due to its
a. reduction
b. oxidation
c. hydrolysis
d. ring destruction
CO2 K3
- Name the reagent that will not convert 1-butanol to 1-chlorobutane.
a. SOCl_2
b. PCl_3
c. HCl
d. CCL_4
CO2 K3
- Aldol condensation provides a suitable route for the preparation of
a. α, β –unsaturated compounds
b. β, γ unsaturated compounds
c. acid derivatives
d. amines
CO2 K4
- Benzoin condensation is catalysed by
a. chloride ion
b. sulphate ion
c. cyanide ion
d. carbonate ion
CO2 K4
- The best method of separation of a sulphide ore from its impurities is
a. magnetic separation
b. froth flotation
c. gravity method
d. van-Arkel refining
CO1 K1
- The role of CaSO_4 in chromatography is
a. eluent
b. binder
c. adsorbate
d. ion exchange resin
CO1 K4
- A hole in a semiconductor differs from an electron in that
a. it has same mass as that of proton
b. it is positively charged vacancy
c. it has same mass as that of positron
d. it has zero mass
CO5 K2
- In a FCC lattice, the number of nearest neighbours around each atom is
a. 8
b. 12
c. 4
d. 6
CO5 K4

Part B
Answer ALL questions
Each answer should not exceed 400 words or two pages

5 x 6 = 30

- 11.a. State Heisenberg's uncertainty principle and discuss on it. CO3 K2
 (or)
- 11.b. Calculate the wavelength of an α particle having mass of 6.6×10^{-27} kg moving with a speed of 10^5 m sec⁻¹. CO3 K4
- 12.a. Discuss the preparation of glycerol from propene. CO2 K2
 (or)
- 12.b. i. Predict the product and give the mechanism of the following.

$$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH} + \text{CHCl}_3 + 3\text{NaOH} \xrightarrow{333-343\text{K}}$$
- ii. How does phenol react with a) Br₂/H₂O b) Con.HNO₃ c) Zn/ Δ . CO2 K3
- 13.a. Illustrate i. Knoevenagel reaction
 ii. Wolff-Kishner reduction with suitable mechanisms. CO2 K2
 (or)
- 13.b. $2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CHO} \xrightarrow{\text{NaOH}} ? + ?$ Explain the mechanism behind this reaction. CO2 K4
- 14.a. Discuss on i. Electrolytic reduction ii. Froth flotation CO4 K2
 (or)
- 14.b. Write explanatory notes on i. Calcination ii. Roasting CO4 K3
- 15.a. Examine the arrangement of atoms in both HCP and CCP crystal systems. CO5 K3
 (or)
- 15.b. Generalize on the metal excess defect in crystals. CO5 K5

Part C
Answer ALL questions
Each answer should not exceed 800 words or four pages

5 x 12 = 60

- 16.a. i. What are the observations of photoelectric effect experiment? Adapt photoelectric effect on the basis of quantum theory?
 ii. Write a short note on Compton effect. CO3 K5
 (or)
- 16.b. i. What is Schrodinger wave equation? Explain the terms involved in it.
 ii. Elaborate on the significance of ψ and ψ^2 . CO3 K4
- 17.a. An alcohol, 'A' reacts with SOCl₂ to produce 'B', which further reacts with magnesium metal to form Grignard reagent, 'C'. The compound 'C' on reaction with acetone and upon hydrolysis in acidic medium gives a product 'D'. Identify the compounds A, B, C, D and write the structural formula and suggest mechanism of these reactions. CO2 K4
 (or)
- 17.b. i. Discuss Williamson synthesis of preparation of ethers. Give its mechanism.
 ii. Predict the products from the reaction of ethylene oxide with (a) HI
 (b) excess HI (c) H₂SO₄/ H₂O (d) acidic CH₃OH CO2 K4
- 18.a. Propose with mechanism of the following:
 i. Perkin Condensation ii. MPV Reduction. CO2 K4
 (or)
- 18.b. How does CH₃CH₂MgI react with i. an ester ii. a ketone iii. an aldehyde
 iv. an acid chloride v. carbondioxide. CO2 K4
- 19.a. Narrate the refining of minerals by
 i. vapor phase and ii. electrolytic method. CO4 K3
 (or)
- 19.b. Confine to a detailed script of
 i. chromatography and ii. ion exchange method. CO4 K3
- 20.a. Itemize the defects based on
 i. schottky & frenkel and ii. non-stoichiometric with neat sketch. CO5 K5
 (or)
- 20.b. Report a note on Cyano monoamine nickel II clathrate. Summarize the properties and application of clathrates. CO5 K5