



## Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women

(Deemed to be University under Category 'A' by MHRD, Estd. u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956)

Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC. Recognised by UGC Under Section 12B

Coimbatore - 641 043, Tamil Nadu, India

### Bachelor's Degree Examination – January 2021

#### V Semester

Class : III UG  
Major : Tourism

Time : 3 Hours  
Max. Marks : 100

#### 18BTOC20 Sustainable Tourism and Disaster Management

##### PART A

10 x 1 = 10

##### Choose the Correct Answer

1. It is difficult to identify specific socio and cultural impacts of tourism because:  
a. they are all beneficial impacts  
b. they tend to overlap  
c. they include indirect impacts  
d. they are far-reaching
2. In Smith's classification of tourists, the 'elite' tourist is:  
a. a very limited tourist  
b. a mass tourist  
c. an experienced frequent tourist on an expensive tailor-made tour  
d. a tourist who likes to experience local culture by going on side trips from organised tours
3. Which of the following are to be managed for sustainable development?  
a. Industries  
b. Forests  
c. Crops  
d. Resources
4. Which of the following affect national Income?  
a. GST  
b. Subsidies  
c. Corporation TAX  
d. None of the above
5. Sustainable tourism must be practiced by:  
a. Both the tourist and tour operator  
b. Tourist only  
c. The tour operator only  
d. The local community only
6. Ecotourism is defined as:  
a. protecting the present while enhancing the past.  
b. tourism that provides education and hands-on experiences for tourists.  
c. responsible travel to natural areas which conserves the environment and improves the well-being of local people.  
d. a focus on current wildlife preservation techniques while addressing the problems resulting from greater tourist demands.
7. EIA stands for  
a. Environmental Impact Audit  
b. Environmental Impact Assessment'  
c. Environmental Impact Area  
d. Ecological Impact Assessment
8. What is the most important aspect of disaster recovery?  
a. A complete damage assessment  
b. Control of critical assets  
c. Restoration of business functions  
d. Protection of individual life
9. In India National Institute of Disaster Management is located at  
a. Manipur  
b. Punjab  
c. Hyderabad  
d. New Delhi
10. Hazards and Disasters are mainly classified as  
a. Physical and chemical  
b. Natural and Human induced  
c. Physical and Human  
d. Social and cultural

**Part B**  
**Answer ALL questions**  
**Each answer should not exceed 400 words or two pages**

**5 x 6 = 30**

- 11.a. Briefly explain socio culture.  
(or)  
11.b. What is TALC?
- 12.a. Write short note on topographical analysis.  
(or)  
12.b. What is a Zoning System?
- 13.a. Define waste management.  
(or)  
13.b. WTTC- Explain.
- 14.a. What is disaster management?  
(or)  
14.b. How to measure natural hazarders?
- 15.a. Write short notes on high risk multi hazarders zone.  
(or)  
15.b. Define environmental laws.

**Part C**  
**Answer ALL questions**  
**Each answer should not exceed 800 words or four pages**

**5 x 12 = 60**

- 16.a. Explain major motivations for tourism.  
(or)  
16.b. Describe the emerging areas of tourism and the scope for development.
- 17.a. Write an essay about Topographical analysis.  
(or)  
17.b. Describe the evaluation of impact of tourism site.
- 18.a. What criteria can you find on the psychological carrying capacity within the scope of sustainable tourism?  
(or)  
18.b. What aspects make tourism a success in the application of sustainability?
- 19.a. Explain the concepts and classifications of disaster management.  
(or)  
19.b. Enumerate the prevention and relief of disaster management.
- 20.a. "National policy for disaster management" – Explain.  
(or)  
20.b. Write an essay about environmental laws.

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