



*Sambal*

Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women  
Deemed to be University Estd.u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956, Category A by MHRD  
Re-accredited with 'A++' Grade by NAAC. CGPA 3.65/4, Category I by UGC  
Coimbatore-641 043, Tamil Nadu, India

Continuous Internal Assessment II- October 2024  
Semester III

Class : II MSc  
Branch : Mathematics

Time : 2 Hours  
Max. Marks : 60

23MMAC14 - Complex Analysis

Course Outcomes:

- CO1: Use Poisson formula and Mean-value property in Harmonic functions.  
CO2: Expand Taylor's series and Laurent's series for a given function.  
CO3: Convert various functions into canonical product form.  
CO4: Identify elliptic functions.  
CO5: Apply Weierstrass functions in Brownian motion.

Part A

6 x 1 = 6

Choose the Correct Answer

- An entire function is also known as \_\_\_\_\_. CO3K1  
a. differential function    b. integral function  
c. constant function    d. multi-valued function
- The genus of  $\sin \pi z$  is \_\_\_\_\_. CO3K2  
a. 1    b. 5    c. 0    d. 3
- A module with isolated points is said to be \_\_\_\_\_. CO4K1  
a. discrete    b. constant  
c. nonconstant    d. cyclic
- The unimodular matrices form \_\_\_\_\_. CO4K2  
a. normal    b. modular    c. cyclic    d. abelian
- Which of the following is Legendre's relation? CO5K2  
a.  $\eta_1 \omega_2 - \eta_2 \omega_1 = 2\pi i$     b.  $\eta_1 \omega_2 + \eta_2 \omega_1 = 2\pi i$   
c.  $\eta_1 \omega_1 - \eta_2 \omega_2 = 2\pi i$     d.  $\eta_1 \omega_2 - \eta_2 \omega_1 = 2\pi$
- The simple elliptic functions of order 2 have a \_\_\_\_\_. CO5K2  
a. double pole with residue zero    b. double pole with opposite residues  
c. simple pole with residue zero    d. simple pole with opposite residues

Part B

3 x 6 = 18

Answer ALL questions

7.a. Prove that every function which is meromorphic in the whole plane is the quotient of two entire functions. CO3K3

(or)

7.b. Find the genus of  $\cos \sqrt{z}$ .

CO3K4

- 8.a. Prove that an elliptic function without poles is a constant. **CO4K3**  
 (or)  
 8. b. Prove that any two basis of same module are connected by a unimodular transformation. **CO4K3**
- 9.a. Prove that the sum of residues of an elliptic function is zero. **CO4K3**  
 (or)  
 9.b. Derive Legendre relation. **CO5K4**

**Part C**

**3 x 12 = 36**

**Answer ALL questions**

- 10.a. State and prove Weierstrass theorem on entire function. **CO3K4**  
 (or)  
 10.b. Obtain the canonical form for  $\sin \pi z$  and prove that  $\sin \pi z = \pi z \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{n^2}\right)$ . **CO3 K3**
- 11.a. Prove that a discrete module consists of either of zero alone, of the integral multiples  $nw$  of a single complex number  $w \neq 0$ , or of all linear combinations  $n_1 w_1 + n_2 w_2$  with integral coefficients of two numbers  $w_1, w_2$  with non-real ratio  $\frac{w_2}{w_1}$ . **CO4K3**  
 (or)  
 11.b. (i) Prove that a nonconstant elliptic function has equally many poles as it has zeros.  
 (ii) Prove that the zeros  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  and poles  $b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n$  of an elliptic function satisfy  $a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n \equiv b_1 + b_2 + \dots + b_n \pmod{M}$ . **CO4K3**
12. a. Prove that an elliptic function which has its only singularity as a double pole with residue zero is even and is equal to the Weierstrass P function. **CO5K3**  
 (or)  
 12. b. State and prove Weierstrass P – function. **CO5K4**