



K. Sambath

Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women
Deemed to be University Estd. u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956, Category 'A' by MHRD (now MoE)
Re-accredited with 'A++' Grade by NAAC. CGPA 3.65/4, category I by UGC
Coimbatore - 641 043, Tamil Nadu, India

Bachelor's Degree Examination May 2025
VI Semester

Class : III UG / 2021 Arrear
Major : Commerce

Time : 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 100

21BCOC26 Company Law

Course Outcomes:

- CO1 : Understand the provisions of Company Act 2013.
CO2 : Familiarise on capital structure and the procedure of share allotment.
CO3 : Gain knowledge on rights and duties of shareholders, members and types of meetings in the companies.
CO4 : Familiar with rules and regulations relating to appointment of directors.
CO5 : Acquire the knowledge on modes and procedure of winding up of companies.

Part A

10 x 1 = 10

Choose the Correct Answer

1. Which type of company has a separate legal entity from its owners?
a. Partnership
b. Joint Stock Company
c. Sole Proprietorship
d. Cooperative Society
CO1 K1
2. What type of company is not required to issue prospectus?
a. Public Company
b. Private Company
c. Joint Stock Company
d. Cooperative Society
CO1 K1
3. Which type of share capital can be issued at a discount?
a. Preference shares
b. Equity shares
c. Both (a) and (b)
d. None of the above
CO2 K1
4. Which of the following is a characteristic of a debenture?
a. Voting rights
b. Ownership rights
c. Fixed interest rate
d. Dividend payments
CO2 K1
5. Which type of meeting is called to discuss urgent matters?
a. AGM
b. EGM
c. Board Meeting
d. Class Meeting
CO3 K1
6. What is the minimum number of votes required to pass an ordinary resolution?
a. 50% of the votes cast
b. 51% of the votes cast
c. 75% of the votes cast
d. Unanimous vote
CO3 K1
7. What is the minimum number of directors required for a public company?
a. 2
b. 3
c. 5
d. 7
CO4 K1
8. How often must the Board of Directors meet?
a. At least once a year
b. At least once a quarter
c. At least once a month
d. As and when required
CO4 K1
9. Who can petition for the compulsory winding up of a company?
a. Shareholders
b. Creditors
c. The Registrar of Companies
d. All of the above
CO5 K1
10. What is the minimum amount of unpaid debt required for a creditor to petition for compulsory winding up?
a. ₹1,00,000
b. ₹5,00,000
c. ₹10,00,000
d. ₹50,000
CO5 K1

Part B
Answer ALL questions
Each answer should not exceed 400 words or two pages

5 x 6 = 30

- 11.a. Explain the criminal liability in case of mis- statement in prospectus. CO1 K2
(or)
- 11.b. Differentiate between memorandum and the articles of association. CO1 K2
- 12.a. State the voting rights. CO2 K1
(or)
- 12.b. Enumerate the procedure for issue of shares. CO2 K1
- 13.a. Mention the legal provisions regarding the annual general meeting. CO3 K3
(or)
- 13.b. List out the kinds of resolutions briefly. CO3 K3
- 14.a. Discuss the legal position of directors. CO4 K3
(or)
- 14.b. Explain the qualification of directors. CO4 K3
- 15.a. Explain the procedure for compulsory winding up of a company. CO5 K3
(or)
- 15.b. Point out the difference between members voluntary winding up and creditors voluntary winding up. CO5 K3

Part C
Answer ALL questions
Each answer should not exceed 800 words or four pages

5 x 12 = 60

- 16.a. What are pre- incorporation contracts? Discuss the position of a promoter in case of such contracts. CO1 K2
(or)
- 16.b. Describe the various types of companies. CO1 K2
- 17.a. Define debenture. Explain the kinds of debenture. CO2 K3
(or)
- 17.b. What do you mean by alteration of share capital? What are the various ways of alteration of share capital? Explain the legal rules in respect of alteration of share capital. CO2 K3
- 18.a Summarize the provisions of sec 117 relating to registration of resolution and agreement CO3 K3
(or)
- 18.b. What do you mean by minutes? Evaluate the legal provisions regarding minutes. CO3 K3
- 19.a. Enumerate the provisions of the companies Act 2013 relating to appointment of a directors CO4 K1
(or)
- 19.b. State the duties and powers of directors. CO4 K1
- 20.a. Describe the modes of Winding Up of Companies. CO5 K2
(or)
- 20.b. Discuss the consequences of winding up regarding various parties. CO5 K2