



Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women

(Deemed to be University under Category 'A' by MHRD, Estd. u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956)

Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC. Recognised by UGC Under Section 12B

Coimbatore - 641 043, Tamil Nadu, India

Bachelor's Degree Examination – March 2021 I Semester

Class : I UG
Major : Zoology

Time : 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 100

18BZOC01 Invertebrata I

Part A

10 x 1 = 10

Choose the Correct Answer

- In *Paramecium*, osmoregulation occurs through
 - body surface
 - pseudopodia
 - nucleus
 - contractile vacuole
- In *Paramecium*, food is ingested through
 - cytoproct
 - cytopyge
 - cytosome
 - cytopharynx
- Animals lacking excretory, respiratory and circulatory structures are
 - Sponges
 - Tapeworms
 - Liver fluke
 - Threadworms
- Flagellated cells, which line the spongocoel in Poriferans are known as
 - ostia
 - mesenchymal cells
 - choanocytes
 - oscula
- A characteristic feature, which is present only in the phylum Coelenterata is
 - nematocysts
 - flame cells
 - hermaphroditism
 - polymorphism
- The characteristic larva in Coelenterates is
 - Oncosphere
 - Rhabditiform
 - Planula
 - Cysticercus
- This is an example of bilaterally symmetrical and triploblastic animal
 - Cnidarians
 - Sponges
 - Ctenophores
 - Round worms
- Animals belonging to Platyhelminthes are also called flatworms because
 - Their head is flat
 - They have dorsoventrally compressed body
 - They creep over the surface
 - The alimentary canal is flattened
- This is the basis on which female *Ascaris* can be identified.
 - Two spicules found at the posterior end
 - Presence of postanal and preanal papillae
 - Straight posterior end
 - Common cloacal aperture
- In flatworms excretion is performed by
 - protonephridia
 - flame cells
 - green glands
 - malpighian tubules

Part B
Answer ALL questions
Each answer should not exceed 400 words or two pages

5 x 6 = 30

- 11.a. Explain the outline classification of animals.
(or)
- 11.b. Describe the external features of *Paramecium caudatum* with a labelled diagram.
- 12.a. Explain the mechanism of feeding and digestion in *Leucosolenia*.
(or)
- 12.b. Enlist the economic importance of sponges.
- 13.a. List the general characteristics of Phylum Coelenterata.
(or)
- 13.b. Describe the histology of *Obelia* colony.
- 14.a. With a neat labelled sketch explain the structure of *Fasciola hepatica*.
(or)
- 14.b. Classify phylum Platyhelminthes upto class level with examples.
- 15.a. Describe the external features of *Ascaris*.
(or)
- 15.b. List the general characteristics of Phylum Aschelminthes.

Part C
Answer ALL questions
Each answer should not exceed 800 words or fourpages

5 x 12 = 60

- 16.a. Compare and differentiate between asexual reproduction and sexual reproduction in *Paramecium*.
(or)
- 16.b. How does conjugation occur in *Paramecium*? Add a note on its significance.
- 17.a. Give an account of the canal system in sponges.
(or)
- 17.b. How does *Leucosolenia* reproduce? Add a note on its development also.
- 18.a. Explain the types of zooids in a polymorphic colony of coelenterates.
(or)
- 18.b. Describe the theories explaining the formation of coral reefs.
- 19.a. Explain the life cycle of *Fasciola hepatica*.
(or)
- 19.b. Describe the structure, body wall and excretory system of *Fasciola hepatica*.
- 20.a. Write notes on the parasitic adaptation in Helminthes.
(or)
- 20.b. Write an essay on nematode parasites of man.
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