



Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women

Deemed to be University Estd. u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956, Category A by MHRD (now MoE)

Re-accredited with A++ Grade by NAAC. CGPA 3.65/4, Category I by UGC

Coimbatore - 641 043, Tamil Nadu, India

Master's Degree Examination – May 2025

II Semester

Class : I P.G.
Major : Physics

Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 100

23MPHC10 Mathematical Physics II

Course Outcomes:

- CO1: Solve first order, second order homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations
CO2: Deliver mathematical modelling for Physics problems involving partial differential equations
CO3: Solve differential equations using Laplace transforms
CO4: Arrive at a solution for partial differential equation employing Fourier transform
CO5: Apply special functions in solving integral functions

Part A

10 x 1 = 10

Choose the Correct Answer

- The general solution of the differential equation $dy/dx=xy$ is: CO1K2
a. $y= x^2+C$ b. $y^2= x^2+C$ c. $y = e^x+C$ d. $y = \ln x+C$
- The orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves $y=kx$ are CO1K2
a. $y^2=x^2+C$ b. $x^2+y^2=C$ c. $y=cx$ d. $y=cx^2$
- A partial differential equation (PDE) contains: CO2K1
a. Only one independent variable b. More than one independent variable
c. No derivatives d. Only algebraic expressions
- The Green's function for the one-dimensional Helmholtz equation $d^2G/dx^2 + k^2 G = \delta(x-x')$ is CO2K1
a. $G(x,x')=(1/2k)e^{ik|x-x'|}$ b. $G(x,x')=(1/k)e^{ik|x-x'|}$
c. $G(x,x')=(1/k^2)e^{ik|x-x'|}$ d. $G(x,x')=(1/2k^2)e^{ik|x-x'|}$
- The Laplace transform of e^{-at} is given by: CO3K1
a. $1/s$ b. $1/a$ c. $1/(s+a)$ d. $1/(s-a)$
- The Laplace transform of the Dirac delta function $\delta(t-a)$ is CO3K1
a. e^{-a} b. e^{-s} c. e^{as} d. e^{-as}
- The Fourier transform of a Gaussian function is: CO4K1
a. Another Gaussian function b. A sinusoidal function
c. A polynomial function d. A step function
- The Fourier sine transform of $f(x)=e^{-ax}$ is CO4K1
a. $a/(\alpha^2-k^2)$ b. $a/(\alpha^2+k^2)$ c. $k/(\alpha^2+k^2)$ d. $k/(\alpha^2-k^2)$
- The recurrence relation for Bessel functions $J_n(x)$ is CO5K1
a. $J_{n-1}(x)+J_{n+1}(x)=(2n/x)J_n(x)$ b. $J_{n-1}(x)-J_{n+1}(x)=(2n/x)J_n(x)$
c. $J_{n-1}(x)+J_{n+1}(x)=(2/x)J_n(x)$ d. $J_{n-1}(x)-J_{n+1}(x)=(2/x)J_n(x)$
- The Legendre polynomial $P_n(x)$ satisfies the differential equation: CO5K1
a. $(1-x^2)y''-2xy'+n(n+1)y=0$ b. $y''+xy'+ny=0$
c. $y''+xy=0$ d. $y''-xy'+n^2y=0$

Part B**5 x 6 = 30****Answer ALL questions****Each answer should not exceed 400 words or two pages**11.a. Solve $(x^2 - yx^2)dy + (y^2 + xy^2)dx = 0$ CO1K3

(or)

11.b. Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves $y = kx^2$, where k is a constant. CO1K312.a. Derive the expression for the Laplacian operator ∇^2 in cylindrical polar coordinates. CO2K2

(or)

12.b. Derive the expression for the divergence of a vector field in cylindrical polar coordinates.

Explain its physical interpretation. CO2K213.a. Find the Laplace transforms of (i) $t \sin at$ (ii) $t \cos at$ CO3K2

(or)

13.b. Define Dirac-delta function and show that $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x)\delta(x-a)dx = f(a)$ CO3K214.a. Find the Fourier transform of $e^{-|t|}$. CO4K2

(or)

14.b. Find the finite Fourier sine transform of the function $f(x) = x^2$; $0 < x < 4$. CO4K215.a. Find the value of (i) $\Gamma\frac{1}{9}\Gamma\frac{2}{9}\Gamma\frac{3}{9}$... $\Gamma\frac{8}{9}$ (ii) $\Gamma 0.1 \Gamma 0.2 \Gamma 0.3$... $\Gamma 0.9$ CO5K3

(or)

15.b. Show that $\int_0^1 \frac{x^{m-1}(1-x)^{n-1}}{(a+x)^{m+n}} dx = \frac{\beta(m,n)}{a^n(1+a)^m}$ CO5K3**Part C****5 x 12 = 60****Answer ALL questions****Each answer should not exceed 800 words or four pages**16.a. Solve the second-order inhomogeneous differential equation: $d^2y/dx^2 + 4y = \sin(2x)$. CO1K3

(or)

16.b. Using the Frobenius method, find the series solution of the differential equation:

$$x^2 (d^2y/dx^2) + x(dy/dx) + (x^2 - 1)y = 0. \quad \text{CO1K3}$$

17.a. Solve the one-dimensional diffusion equation using the separation of variables method:

$$\partial u / \partial t = D \partial^2 u / \partial x^2 \quad \text{CO2K2}$$

(or)

17.b. Solve the Helmholtz equation in spherical polar coordinates. CO2K218.a. Elaborate the properties of Laplace transform. CO3K3

(or)

18.b. Obtain the Laplace transform of the function CO3K2

$$F(t) = \begin{cases} \sin \omega t; & 0 < t < \frac{\pi}{\omega} \\ 0; & \frac{\pi}{\omega} < t < \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \end{cases}$$

19.a. Find the Fourier series expansion of the function $f(x)$ given by $f(x) = x$, $-\pi < x < \pi$. CO4K3

(or)

19.b. Compute the Fourier transform of $f(x) = e^{-|x|}$ and discuss its properties. CO4K320.a. Derive the Rodrigues formula for Legendre polynomials and verify it for $P_2(x)$. CO5K3

(or)

20.b. Solve the differential equation for Laguerre polynomials: $xy'' + (1-x)y' + ny = 0$. CO5K3
