

**Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women  
(Deemed to be University), Coimbatore-641 043**

**Master's Degree Examination – November 2018  
I Semester**

**Class : I PG  
Major : PYHSICS**

**Time: 3 hours  
Max. Marks: 60**

**17MPHC04-Solid state Physics**

**Part A**

**10 x 1/2 = 5**

**Choose the correct answer**

- The nearest neighbour distance in the case of fcc structure is -----.  
a.  $a\sqrt{3}/2$       b.  $a\sqrt{2}/2$       c.  $a^2/\sqrt{3}$       d.  $2a/\sqrt{2}$
- Ewald found that the intensity of X-ray beams reflected from actual crystals was about ----- times greater than that expected from a perfect crystal.  
a. 10      b. 20      c. 30      d. 40
- dislocation occurs when the periodicity of the atomic lattice array is interrupted along certain directions in a crystal.  
a. Edge      b. Screw      c. Transient      d. Frenkel
- It is called an F centre because its name comes from the German word -----which means colour.  
a. Farbe      b. Forbe      c. Force      d. Firm
- X-rays with wavelengths less than -----Å are most useful in studying crystal.  
a. 1      b. 2      c. 3      d. 4
- Every reciprocal lattice vector is ----- to a lattice plane of the crystal lattice.  
a. normal      b. parallel      c. in phase      d. along
- Debye considered the vibrational modes of crystal as a -----while Einstein considered the vibration of a single atom.  
a. whole      b. part      c. half      d. one - third
- Quantum of elastic energy is called -----.  
a. photon      b. phonon      c. electron      d. proton
- The crystal growth give us information about the -----of compounds.  
a. structure      b. size      c. number      d. rotation
- Melt method is used to produce ----- crystals.  
a. single      b. multiple      c. poly      d. unique

**Part B**

**5 x 4 = 20**

**Answer ALL questions**

**Each answer should not exceed 200 words or one page**

- 11.a. Get the structure factor for bcc lattice.  
(Or)  
11.b. Define and explain about the Brillouin zones.
- 12.a. State any four properties of reciprocal lattice.  
(Or)  
12.b. Explain the graphical construction of reciprocal lattice.
- 13.a. List out the four types of point defects and explain.  
(Or)  
13.b. Write a note on Frenkel defect.
- 14.a. Explain about the umklapp process.  
(Or)  
14.b. Give a note on photon momentum.
- 15.a. Explain the classical theory of nucleation.  
(Or)  
15.b. Compare homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation.

**Part C**

**5 x 7 = 35**

**Answer ALL questions**

**Each answer should not exceed 600 words or three pages**

- 16.a. Explain about (i) diamond (ii) NaCl structure.  
(Or)  
16.b. Get the Bragg's condition in terms of reciprocal lattices.
- 17.a. Write a note on 'F' centres.  
(Or)  
17.b. Discuss about the production of colour centres by X- rays or particle irradiation.
- 18.a. Get the atomic form factor for bcc and fcc lattices.  
(Or)  
18.b. Obtain Laue's equations.
- 19.a. Describe about the inelastic scattering of neutrons by phonons.  
(Or)  
19.b. Explain the Einstein model of the lattice heat capacity.
- 20.a. Obtain Gibbs Thomson equation for vapour solution.  
(Or)  
20.b. Describe in detail about the melt crystal growth method.

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