



**Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women**  
Deemed to be University Estd. u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956, Category A by MHRD  
Re-accredited with 'A++' Grade by NAAC. CGPA 3.65/4, Category I by UGC  
Coimbatore-641 043, Tamil Nadu, India

**Continuous Internal Assessment Test II – October 2024**  
**Semester V**

**Class: III UG**

**Time: 2 Hrs**

**Branch: Mathematics/ Special Education and Mathematics**

**Max. Marks: 60**

**21BMAC15 / 21BSMC15 – Complex Analysis I**

**Course Outcomes:**

- CO1: Operate complex derivatives of a function.  
CO2: Determine analyticity of a function using C-R equations.  
CO3: Construct analytic functions.  
CO4: Analyze bilinear transformations.  
CO5: Apply Cauchy's theorem and Cauchy's integral formula to evaluate integrals.

**Part A**

**6x1=6**

**Choose the Correct Answer**

- The harmonic conjugate of  $u = x^2 - y^2$  is \_\_\_\_\_.  
a.  $2xy$       b.  $\frac{xy}{2}$       c.  $-2xy$       d.  $-\frac{xy}{2}$       CO3K2
- The value of  $m$  such that  $2x - x^2 + my^2$  may be harmonic is \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. 1      b. 2      c. 3      d. 4      CO3K2
- The transformation  $w = \frac{1}{z}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. translation      b. homothetic transformation  
c. rotation      d. inversion      CO4K1
- The fixed points of the transformation  $w = az$  are \_\_\_\_\_.  
a.  $0, \infty$       b.  $0, -\infty$       c.  $a, \infty$       d.  $a, -\infty$       CO4K2
- An integral along a simple closed curve is called \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. Contour integral      b. Jordan curves  
c. Multiple point      d. Simple closed curve      CO5K1
- The value of the integral  $\int_C \frac{dz}{2z-3}$  where  $C$  is  $|z|=1$ .  
a. 0      b. 3      c.  $2\pi i$       d.  $-2\pi i$       CO5K2

**Part B**

**3x6=18**

**Answer ALL questions**

- a. Find the analytic function  $f(z)$  if  $u(x,y) = \frac{x}{x^2+y^2}$  by substitution method.      CO3K4  
(or)
- b. Find the analytic function  $f(z) = u+iv$ , given that  $u-v = e^x (\cos y - \sin y)$ .      CO3K3
- a. Find the image of the circle  $|z+2i| = 2$  under the transformation  $w = \frac{1}{z}$ .      CO4K3  
(or)
- b. Prove that the bilinear transformation which transforms  $z_1, z_2, z_3$  is  $w_1, w_2, w_3$       CO4K2  
$$\frac{(w-w_1)(w_2-w_3)}{(w-w_3)(w_2-w_1)} = \frac{(z-z_1)(z_2-z_3)}{(z-z_3)(z_2-z_1)}$$
- a. State and prove Cauchy's fundamental theorem.      CO5K4

(or)

9. b. Evaluate  $\int_C \frac{1}{(z^2 + 4)^2} dz$ , where C is  $|z-i| = 2$ . CO5K3

**Part C**

**3x12=36**

**Answer ALL questions**

10. a. Find the analytical functions,  $f(z) = u + iv$  given that  $u - v = \frac{\sin 2x}{\cosh 2y - \cos 2x}$ . CO3K5

(or)

10. b. Find the analytic functions  $f(z) = u + iv$ , given that CO3K5

(a)  $-2v(x, y) = e^x(\cos y - \sin y)$

(b)  $2u + v = e^x(\cos y - \sin y)$

(c)  $u - 2v = e^x(\cos y - \sin y)$

11. a. Prove that the points which map the real axis onto the circle  $|w|=1$  are of the form

$w = e^{i\lambda} \frac{z - z_1}{z - \bar{z}_1}$ , where  $\lambda$  is real. CO4K5

(or)

11.b. Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points 1, i, -1 onto the points 0, 1,  $\infty$ . Show that the transformation maps the interior of the unit circle of the z plane onto the upper half of the w plane. CO4K3

12. a. If C is the circle  $|z| = 3$ , evaluate  $\int_C \frac{e^z}{(z+1)^2(z+2)} dz$ . CO5K4

(or)

12. b. State and prove Cauchy's integral formula for derivatives. CO5K5

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