



Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science and Higher Education for Women
(Deemed to be University under Category 'A' by MHRD, Estd. u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956)
Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC. Recognised by UGC Under Section 12B
Coimbatore - 641 043, Tamil Nadu, India

Bachelor's Degree Examination – March 2021
I Semester

Class : I UG
Major : Special Education and Mathematics

Time : 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 100

18BSMC02 Trigonometry

Part A
Choose the Correct Answer

10 x 1 = 10

- The coefficient of $\cos^n \theta$ in the expansion of $\cos n\theta$ is
a. 1 b. n c. 2^{n-1} d. $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$
- $\frac{\sin 3\theta}{\sin \theta} =$
a. $3 - 4 \sin^2 \theta$ b. $3 - 4 \cos^2 \theta$ c. $3 \cos^2 \theta \sin \theta$ d. $-\cos \theta \sin^2 \theta$
- If $x = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$, then $x^n + \frac{1}{x^n} =$
a. $2 \sin n\theta$ b. $2 i \sin n\theta$ c. $2 \cos n\theta$ d. $2 i \cos n\theta$
- The series $1 - \frac{\theta^2}{2!} + \frac{\theta^4}{4!} \dots \infty$ equals
a. $\sin \theta$ b. $\cos \theta$ c. $\tan \theta$ d. $\sec \theta$
- $\cosh^2 x + \sinh^2 x =$
a. 1 b. -1 c. $\sinh 2x$ d. $\cosh 2x$
- In terms of logarithmic functions, $\tanh^{-1} x =$
a. $\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$ b. $\log(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1})$ c. $\log(x - \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$ d. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{1+x}{1-x} \right)$
- If $\log(x + iy) = \alpha + i\beta$, then $y =$
a. $e^\alpha \cos \beta$ b. $e^\alpha \sin \beta$ c. $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$ d. $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\beta}{\alpha} \right)$
- If $\text{Log}(1 - i) = \alpha + i\beta$, then $\alpha =$
a. 0 b. $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ c. $\log 2$ d. $\frac{1}{2} \log 2$
- $\cos \alpha + \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{2\pi}{n} \right) + \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{4\pi}{n} \right) + \dots$ to n terms is
a. 0 b. 1 c. n d. ∞
- Which of the following is incorrect?
a. $\sin(i\theta) = i \sinh \theta$ b. $\cos(i\theta) = i \cosh \theta$ c. $\tan(i\theta) = i \tanh \theta$ d. $\tanh(i\theta) = i \tan \theta$

Part B
Answer ALL questions
Each answer should not exceed 400 words or two pages

5 x 6 = 30

- 11.a. Express $\cos 8\theta$ in terms of $\sin \theta$.
 (or)
 11.b. Prove that $\sin \frac{\pi}{5} \cdot \sin \frac{2\pi}{5} \cdot \sin \frac{3\pi}{5} \cdot \sin \frac{4\pi}{5} = \frac{5}{16}$.
- 12.a. Expand $\sin^4 \theta \cos^2 \theta$ in a series of cosines of multiples of θ .
 (or)
 12.b. Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{\sin^3 x}$.
- 13.a. If $\cosh u = \sec \theta$, show that $u = \log \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\theta}{2} \right)$.
 (or)
 13.b. If $\sin(A + iB) = x + iy$, prove that
 (i) $\frac{x^2}{\sin^2 A} - \frac{y^2}{\cos^2 A} = 1$, (ii) $\frac{x^2}{\cosh^2 B} + \frac{y^2}{\sinh^2 B} = 1$.
- 14.a. Find the value of $\text{Log}(1 + i)$.
 (or)
 14.b. Reduce $(\alpha + i\beta)^{x+iy}$ to the form $A + iB$.
- 15.a. Find the sum of the series $\text{cosec } \theta + \text{cosec } 2\theta + \text{cosec } 2^2\theta + \dots + \text{cosec } 2^{n-1}\theta$.
 (or)
 15.b. Sum the series $\cosh x + \cosh(x + y) + \cosh(x + 2y) + \dots$ to n terms.

Part C
Answer ALL questions
Each answer should not exceed 800 words or four pages

5 x 12 = 60

- 16.a. Prove that the equation $\frac{ah}{\cos \theta} - \frac{bk}{\sin \theta} = a^2 - b^2$ has four roots and that the sum of the four values of θ which satisfy it is equal to an odd multiple of π radians.
 (or)
 16.b. Prove that $\tan \frac{\pi}{11} \cdot \tan \frac{2\pi}{11} \cdot \tan \frac{3\pi}{11} \cdot \tan \frac{4\pi}{11} \cdot \tan \frac{5\pi}{11} = \sqrt{11}$.
- 17.a. Expand $\cos^6 \theta$ and $\cos^5 \theta$ in series of cosines of multiples of θ .
 (or)
 17.b. Prove that if l is the length of the chord of a circular arc, l_1 the chord of two – thirds of the arc and l_2 the chord of one – third of the arc, the length of the arc is approximately $\frac{1}{10}(l - 9l_1 + 45l_2)$ and that the approximation is correct to the order of θ^6 , where θ is the angle which the arc subtends at its centre.
- 18.a. If $\tanh x = \sin \theta$, show that $\sinh x = \tan \theta$ and $\cosh x = \sec \theta$.
 (or)
 18.b. Separate into real and imaginary parts $\tan^{-1}(x + iy)$.
- 19.a. If $\log \sin(\theta + i\phi) = L + iB$, prove that $2e^{2L} = \cosh 2\phi - \cos 2\theta$.
 (or)
 19.b. Find the values of (i) $\text{Log}(1 + i)^i$ (ii) $\text{Log}(1 - i)^{1+i}$.
- 20.a. If S_n denotes the sum of the series $\sin \alpha + \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \dots + \sin(\alpha + \overline{n-1}\beta)$, then prove
 that $S_n = \frac{\sin \frac{n\beta}{2}}{\sin \frac{\beta}{2}} \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{n-1}{2} \beta \right)$.
 (or)
 20.b. Sum the series $\sinh x + \sinh(x + y) + \sinh(x + 2y) + \dots$ to n terms.